with that of the American workingmen. Mr. Kenworthy forcibly and eloquently discussed the tariff question.

Why George Gibson Leaves the Democracy. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Marion, Sept. 20 .- George W. Gibson, of this

city, is the second member of the Grant county bar to renounce Democracy and announce himself for Harrison and protection. Mr. Gibson was elected State's attorney of this district as a Democrat in 1882, and in 1880 was the candidate for Senator from Grant and Blackford counties, being defeated by only fourteen votes, in both instances running far shead of his ticket. He served four years as a private in the Tenth Indiana, and was wounded and captured at Gettysburg. In a card, published in the Marion Chronicle, Mr. Gibson announces his reasons for leaving the Democratic party, as follows:

"Allow me a word or two in your paper to the people of Grant county, especially to the Union soldiers of the late war. I served four years in the war to save the Union, and have always been a Democrat, but I can't support Cleveland for the following reasons, to-wit: "First-Because he is not the soldiers' friend,

which he has demonstrated by his numerous vetoes of soldiers' and widows' pensions. "Second-That he is for free trade. "Third-His policy will make paupers of the laboring men of this country.

"Fourth-Because he cannot find any way to reduce the surplus in the treasury without producing a country full of paupers.

"General Harrison proposes to reduce the surplus by signing pension bills as the Congress of the Nation dictates to him, and thereby place the great alleged surplus in circulation among the people who deserve it. Therefore I shall vote for Harrison and protection.

## Meeting of Recent Converts. Leavenworth Republican.

Last Saturday was the day set by the thirtytwo recent converts, of Orange and Crawford counties, to Republicanism, to celebrate their declaration by a pole-raising and speaking at Grange Store, near the line between the two

In the morning they raised an elegant Harrison and Morton pole 141 feet high, and by noon the people had nearly all gathered in, and were estimated at about 1,000 in number. At 1 o'clock Col. N. E. Peckingaugh began speaking and spoke about one nour and a quarter, and was followed by Hon. Chas. F. Griffin, Republican candidate for Secretary of State, who delivered an able and telling argument on the political issues. The Paoli and Unionville glee clubs were out and rendered some very fine music, as did the Unionville Cornet Band, and public enthusiasm ran high. Old gray-baired men remarked that it was the grandest political demonstration in those parts for years. The whole affair was managed by the Democrats who recently declared for Harrison and Morton and was judiciously gotten up and carried out.

Douglass, Lezier and Morris at Knightstown. special to the Indianapolis Journas.

KNIGHTSTOWN, Sept. 20.-Last night was great occasion for the Republicans of this city. Hons. Frederick Douglass, J. Hogarth Lozier and C. S. Morris addressed 2,000 people from separate stands. Bell's Hall, the largest in the city, was crowded to suffocation, and more than one thousand people surrounded the stand on the public square. Mr. Douglass's speech was directed principally toward the tariff and free-election issues, and Chaplain Lozier completely uncovered the hypocrisy and double dealing of the third-party Prohibitionists. Mr. C. S. Morris, a young colored gentleman from Louisville, Ky., delivered a telling speech on general issues. He is one of the brightest orators of

Owen County Republicans.

"errespondence of the Indianapolis Journal. COAL CITY, Sept. 19 .- The largest political meeting ever held in this county assembled here yesterday. Eleven delegations from neighboring towns were present with bands and glee sinbs, and the crowd was estimated by good judges from six to eight thousand. A magnificent poplar pole, 207 feet high, was raised. Telling speeches were made in the afternoon by Maj. W. W. Carter, Maj. G. W. Grubbs, John A. Williams and Edward Wilton. At night several hundred were in line with torches, and the day's work was finished by speeches from Hon. H. C. Duncan, W. R. Asher and B. A. Cusick.

M. R. Soizer at North Vernon. Special to the Indianapolls Journal.

NORTH VERNON, Sept. 20 .- One of the largest meetings of the campaign greeted Hon. M. R. Sulzer, of Madison, here to-night. The ball was crowded, and the speaker charmed the audience in a two hours' address, which was eloquent, logical and convincing. He took up the issues and candidates of the parties, and discussed them in a way that left no doubt as to the duty of the citizen to vote the Republican ticket. His speech was so good that many of the audi-\*nce shouted for the speaker to continue when he was through. Republicans are gaining in etrength, and last night added a life-long Demoerat at the Sulzer meeting.

## Wigwam Dedicated.

Special to the Indianarolis Journal. FOWLER, Sept. 20.-The Republicans Fowler have just completed their wigwam. which will seat 600 persons. It was dedicated last night with a rousing Republican meeting, addressed by Hon. John T. Brown, of Fowler, and Hon. A. Spooner, of Chicago. Fifty new members were enrolled, including Morris Cressey, an intelligent young man, who voted the Democratic ticket in 1884, but who cannot support Cleveland's free-trade message and pension vetces. The fglee club, under the leadership of Isaac H. Phares, sang several excellent campaign songs of Mr. Phares's composition.

E. B. Reynolds at Rochester. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

ROCHESTER, Sept. 20. - Hon. E. B. Reynolds, of Wayne county, spoke last night to an audience occupying the full seating capacity of opera hall. His subject was local option, and constitutional prohibition, which he handled in a clear and convincing manner. His audience was of the thinking class, and gave the closest attention, and greeted him with frequent applause. He did not leave a "kitten-hole" for a third partyite to crawl out of.

A. C. Rankin at Vincennes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

VINCENNES, Sept. 20 .- The best exposition of the tariff question ever heard in southern Indiana was delivered here last night, at Green's Opera-house, by Hon. A. C. Rankin, of Pittsburg. Every sentence of his two-hours-and-ahalf epeech was a blow at free trade. His speech made many converts, and delighted workingmen beyond measure. The house was crowded, and it was one of the most auspicious meetings of the campaign.

Meeting at Bourbon.

special to the Indianapolis Journal. Bourbon, Sept. 20.-An enthusiastic Republican meeting was held here last evening. The glee club rendered excellent music, and the issues of the campaign were ably discussed by Mr. Geo. H. Thayer, jr., of Plymouth, who held the attention of a large audience for an hour and a half. The people of this vicinity are wide awake to the importance of Republican success

T. B. Adams at Shelbyville, Special to the Indianapolis Journal

SHELBYVILLE, Sept. 20 .- The Opera Hall was erowded to-night to hear Hon. Thomas B. Adams speak in behalf of protection to American industries. The laboring men were out in force and listened attentively to the able advocate of protection. His arguments were unanswerside and showed conclusively that free trade, would ruin the industries of the country and also the wages of the laboring people.

Soldier Meeting at Columbus. tocial to the Indianapolis Journal

COLUMBUS, Sept. 20 .- The old soldiers held a ratification meeting of the entire Republican ticket at the wigwam here to-night. There was a large attendance of veterans and other citizens. Hon. Marcus R. Sulzer and Daniel A. Roberts, of Madison, delivered stirring and patriotic addresses, which touched the hearts of

Meeting at Martinsville.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MARTINSVILLE, Sept. 20 .- W. R. Asher addressed a large and appreciative audience of Reints in favor of protection to American labor. Mr. Asher is prosecuting attorney for Morgan and Owen counties, and is a candidate for re-

Stanton J. Peelle in Henry County. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW CASTLE, Sept. 20. - A large Republican meeting was held at Needmore, this county, to-day, which was addressed by Stanton J. Peelle. having been assured by local Democrats that It was an earnest and enthusiastic gathering of free trade was unpopular in this manufecturing street. meeting was held at Needmore, this county, to-

Republicans, Greenbackers and Democrats, and the fine speech of Mr. Peelle was received in a manner that indicates a strengthening of the feeling for Harrison and Morton.

L. E. Tompkins at Rushville.

Special to the Indiapapolis Journa. RUSHVILLE, Sept. 20.-Lewis Emmet Tomp kins, of Athens, O., addressed the Republicans of Rushville at the court-house park to-night, and for one hour and forty minutes held an audience of fifteen hundred listening to the most brilliant and vet practical presentation of Republican principles the people of Rushville have had an opportunity to hear. Mr. Tompkins, though a young man, is rich in experience, and can give force to his utterances in such a manner that his audience cannot soon forget what has been said.

Joint Debate Arranged.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SHELBYVILLE, Sept. 20.-Hon. George W. Cooper, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Fifth congressional district, against Henry C. Duncan, yesterday challenged Judge Thomas B. Adams, of this city, to a joint debate of the tariff question, at Trafalgar, Johnson county, Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Mr. Adams at once forwarded to Columbus an acceptance and will meet him at the time and place.

Republican First Voters' Club.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. COLUMBUS, Sept. 20.—The young men Republicans of this city have organized an umbrella club with over one hundred members. Bert Overstreet was chosen captain; Fred Ulreck first lieutenant, and Ed Gold second lieutenant. The uniform of the club is red, white and blue umbrellas and appropriate badges. The members are all first voters, and are a fine-looking body of young men.

## THE DEMOCRACY.

Hon, Roger Q. Mills Discusses the Tariff Is-

sue at Richmond. RICHMOND, Sept. 20.—The demonstration here to-day on the eccasion of the appearance of Hon. Roger Q. Mills, the Democratic leader of the House of Representatives, was abundantly gratifying to the local Democracy. Although there had been no provision for a parade, so many elubs and organizations came in from the country, even from points so far away as Eaton, O., that their bands and banners necessitated a promarched out, after dinner, to Glen Miller, a beautiful grove in the edge of the city, where an assemblage of several thousand surrounded the speaker's stand. Mr. Mills, upon arriving this morning, was so wearied by his illness and journey that he retired at once to his room and remained secladed until time for the meeting, in order to regain strength for the effort. Judge Abbott presided at the meeting, and, after songs from a glee club, introduced the speaker of the

Mr. Mills, on rising, was greeted with a ring

ing round of cheers, and at once began his speech. He pitched his voice in a high key, and was easily heard by those even in the outskirts of the assemblage. He quoted at the beginning from Mr. Blaine's New York speech, that "capital was able to take care of itself; that the question in this campaign was one of labor-labor from the skin to the core, and from the core back to the skin again." Mr. Mills said he would accept that definition, and he proposed to show that the Democratic party was now, as it always had been, the true friend of labor and of the laboring man, a proposition which evoked the first outburst of general applause. By way of proof, he cited the enormous taxation imposed by the Republican party during and after the war, until the income began to be beyoud the needs of the government. He then called attention to the fact that when the Republicans began to reduce the burden they did not take the taxes off the poor, but directly off the rich. The income tax, for instance, which was one affecting but a few of the people of the country, and they all well-to-do, was among the first removed by the Republican party in its haste to favor the rich, while professing to be the friend of the toiling masses. In the same line was their treatment of the tax on rathroads and other wealthy corporations. They were all relieved of taxation, as he sarcastically said because the Republican party was so deeply concerned for the welfase of the laboring people. On the other hand, the Democrate proposed to remove the tax from the clothing of the poor. from the implements of labor, wherewith the laborers earn their subsistence, and from other articles which go to make up the present enormous taxation of labor, to gather an unnecessary surplus. This effort met uniform opposition from the Republicans, and yet Mr. Blaine would have the people believe that this is a campaign in which the question is one of labor, and that the Republicans are the only friends of laborers. It was, indeed, a question of labor, but the true friends of labor were found in the Democratic party. Mr. Mills was emphatic in his declaration that the Democrats did not propose to give the Nation free whisky, that it was understood that if an attempt was made to remove the tax on whisky the Democrats were ready to fight it out on that line if it took all summer

Continuing his proof of the proposition with which he began, Mr. Mills denied that the Democrats favored free trade, and quoted the very small reduction of the tariff as proposed by the Mills bill. "Why," said he, "we propo the tariff from 47 per cent to 424. That is no more free trade than the reform made by a hard drinker was total abstinence when he reduced his drams from 47 a day to 424." Mr. Mills went on with different articles enumerated in his bill, on which there was a reduction of the tariff, to show how in each case the protection which the Republicans insist on did not protect the workman, and that in every case the benefit of the protection went to the manufacturer-the

Mr. Mills then passed to the discussion of the

master, and not the man.

Democratic policy, on what he said was the most important of the tariff bill, namely, the free list. "Let us see," said he, "what sort of a bill we have presented. It is very moderate. We have reduced the average taxation from \$47.10 on the \$100 to \$42.50 on the \$100, a little less than five dollars on a hundred on imported goods. They are going about the country and saying this is free trade, that it will ruin the whole country. A five-dollar reduction in taxation on the necessaries of life, still leaving these people to pay over \$40 on the hundred of taxation—is that free trade? If it is I would like to know what they mean by protection." [Laughter.] He then took up the iron schedule, stating that the Mills bill made a reduction of \$2.30 on the \$100 worth of iron and steel. He compared the labor cost of iron in England and the United States. "Our high-priced labor only amounts to \$1.50 a ton; suppose theirs is 75 cents a ton; then if we made a duty of 75 cents on pig-iron that would cover the difference between England and the United States, then the cost of transportation from Liverpool would be \$2 a ton, which would be an ample margin for profit. We reduce the duty on pig-iron only 62 cents, leaving it \$6. That is for labor. We left these pig-iron manufacturers \$6 a ton, which they tell us they want for their laborers, and yet they only pay their laborers \$1.25 of it. Why the devil don't they pay the balance of it?" " "

"I will repeat a question that I have asked from Boston to Chicago. A duty of \$6.72 is on that ton of pig-iron, and I say that \$6.72 went right down into the pocket of the iron-owner, and it is there yet. Now, let any laboring man any friend of Harrison and Morton, any Republican, tell me how I can assist the laborer to get that \$6.72 out of the pockets of the manufacturer and put it into his, I will vote for Harrison

and Morton-and free whisky." Mr. Mills then took up blankets, and asserted that the tariff went into the pocket of the manufacturer, the laborer receiving no benefit from He gave a list of articles placed on the free list by his bill, and said the reason for admitting raw material free was to enable a reduction of duty in the finished product. He declared that this policy would enable American manufacturers to enter the markets of the world and suc-

cessfully compete with the older nations. Senator Voorhees at Fort Wayne.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Sept. 20 .- Senator Voorhees spoke this evening in the Academy of Music. The building was completely filled, and the Senator spoke for more than two hours. He was introduced by Judge Lowry, and at once entered upon the tariff question, to which he devoted almost the entire time. He exaggerated the surpublicans, bringing out clearly some splendid plus thirty millions, giving it at upwards from free-trade newspapers articles which he carried in a scrap book to prove that this money was wrung from the necessities of the people. He explicitly said that the tariff on any article was added directly to the price of that article, and repeatedly declared that the Democratic party wanted a tariff

district, he said that the I mocrats did not want any free trade. The difference between free trade and a tariff for revenue only he did not find time to explain. The last part of his speech he devoted to an attempt to explain away President Cleveland's pension record, and to attack ing L. P. Morton because he owned some North Carolina bonds, which he was suing for in the United States Courts. Though Mr. Voorhees's audience was large, there was a marked lack of enthusiasm, and the same was true of the street demonstration. Mr. Voorhees had but little encouragement in his speech, and there was but little applause. The Democracy is more discouraged here this year than ever before.

YELLOW FEVER.

Fifteen Deaths and One Hundred and Thirty-One New Cases at Jacksonville,

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Sept. 20 .- One hundred and thirty-one new cases and fifteen death from yeliow fever is the record for to-day. Total cases to date, 1,464; total deaths, 185. The names of the dead are:

John Seeley, John Bryan, Mr. Bollermansky. Julia Smith, N. Sherman, M. R. Bowden, Charles Hinckley, Mr. Zohn, Mrs. O. Z. Tyler, Harry Scott, Willie Long, Arthur Turner, Taylor McFarland, L. Lawrence, Mrs. T. B. Hernandez.

The Stampede at Decatur. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 20 .- At noon to-day rumors were in circulation that ten new cases of yellow fever had developed at Decatur, Ala. Telegrams were sent asking for confirmation of the report, but no replies were received until late this afternoon, when Manager Sam Armstrong, of the Western Union office, at Decatur, sent the fellowing:

"The doctors say there is one very suspicious case here, which is doubted by a few. There is no one left but me in my office. The town is almost depopulated."

Previous to the receipt of the above, Superintendent G. W. Agee, of the Southern Express Company, was in receipt of a telegram from the agent of the company at Decatur, which stated that there had been one or more deaths there and that great excitement prevailed; merchants were closing their stores and numbers of the inhabitants were fleeing from the town. In further confirmation of the report of the spreading of the fever at Decatur, the following was received at noon, from Nashville:

"Two of those at Decatur were exposed and sick at Spencer. One is dead." These telegrams caused no little exciter Memphis, and there is considerable uneasiness felt here. Decatur is 180 miles east of Memphis, on the Memphis & Charleston railroad. The City Conneil, this afternoon, adopted most stringent quarantine regulations. All trains from the east on all roads will be stopped ten miles out from the city, and a thorough inspection made of passengers and baggage, and no doubtful persons will be allowed to enter Memphis. The same regulations will govern steam. boats coming from either up or down the river. The authorities are fully alive to the situation, and there will be no relaxation of their vigilance. The telegraph office at Decatur closed at 6 o'clock this evening, and nothing later can be heard from that town to-night.

Three Cases at Jackson, Miss. Jackson, Miss., Sept. 20.—Three unmistakable cases of yellow fever have developed bere to-day, among residents who have not been absent from town for months. A careful and close consultation of the physicians of the city, in connection with Drs. Iglehart and Purnell, of Vicksburg, establishes the foregoing facts beyond doubt or question. The panic of 1878 was not comparable to that now prevailing among the citizens. The news of suspicious cases of fever did not get out until 3 o'clock this afternoon, but before 8 o'clock hundreds had left town by rail and other roads, and many more are preparing to leave. The two banks in town paid ont over \$20,000 each after banking hours, this

afternoon, to their depositors who are leaving. Possible Effect on Politics.

Chicago, Sept. 20. - The yellow fever epidemic has assumed a political phase in Florida, according to the statements of David H. Eiliott, land commissioner of the Southern Florida railroad, who arrived in Chicago to-day, fresh from the fever-stricken district. Mr. Elliott said: "During the general panic which has prevailed in Florida among the white people the negroes have remained stolidly in their homes. When efforts were made to force them into quarantine they offered resistance. The reason is the negro if more afraid of losing his vote than he is of the fever. They have, in some way, become imbued with the idea that removal to safer quarters means the loss of suffrage, and to be allowed to vote is the negro's highest ambition. What political significance this may have remains to be seen. It is estimated that fully 10,000 white people have either left the State or are contemplating removal. The marginal majority is not large, and many fear that unless the panie is stopped the State may be thrown under the control of the negroes."

National Typothetie.

New York, Sept. 20 .- The convention of the United Typothetie adjourned this afternoon until Oct. 3, 1889, when the delegates will convene again in St. Louis. Officers were elected as follows: President, Andrew McNaily, of Chicago; Vice-presidents, L. L. Morgan, New Haven; Clayton McMichael, Philadelphia; W. E. Jones, Richmond; W. C. Waine, Milwaukee; H. R. Lewis, Portland; W. A. Shepard, Toronto; corresponding secretary, Everett Wadley; recording secretary, William Johnson; treasurer, G. O. Russell. The new executive committee consists of Howard Lockwood, New York; George H. Ellis, Boston: C. A. Mitchell, Minneapolis: Thomas Williams, Detroit; S. C. Foof, Memphis; C. M. Skinner, St. Louis, and C. R. Andrews. Rochester. Thomas D. Parker, president of the Mutual Benefit Typotheta, of Chicago, the only organization of the kind in the country, addressed the convention upon the advisability of establishing other societies like the one of which he is president in every town and city in the

Washington News Notes.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20 .- There is a rumor current late to night to the effect that the President will, within a few days-possibly to-morrow-nominate Gen. John G. Parkhurst to succeed Lambert Tree as minister to Brussels. The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed John S. Lawrence, of Grand Rapids, Mich., re-

ceiver of the Lowell National Bank, of Lowell, W. H. Knight, a postal clerk on the Louisville & Nashville railroad, has been appointed superintendent of mails at Cincinnati, vice S. G. Sullivan removed.

Medical Association Officers.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20 .- At the meeting of the American Surgical Association to-day, officers were elected for the coming year as follows: President, Dr. D. W. Cheever, of Boston; vicepresidents, T. Y. Richardson, of New Orleans. and J. B. Roberts, of Philadelphia; secretary, Dr. J. R. Weist, of Richmond, Ind.; treasurer. Dr. P. S. Conner, of Cincinnati; recorder, Dr. J. E. Ewing Mears, of Philadelphia; conneil Dr. W. F. Peck, of Davenport, In.; Dr. S. W. Gross, of Philadelphia; Dr. John S. Billings, U.

S. A., of Washington. Sale of Libby Prison.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 20.—Libby prison was sold at auction this afternoon for \$11,000. Dr. D. D. Bramble, of Cincinnati, was the purchaser. When sold privately, last February, to W. H. Gray, of Chicago, the property brought \$23. 300. It is in consequence of Mr. Grav's failure to make the deferred payments that the building was sold. Dr. Bramble says he simply bought the property to hold as an investment. as he is in receipt of information that a syndicate of Chicago gentlemen has been formed to take the property off of his bands at an ad-

Steamship News.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 20. - Arrived: Germanic, from New York. SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 20.-Arrived: Aller, from New York for Bremen. AMSTERDAM, Sept. 20.-Arrived: Amsterdam, from New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20. - Arrived: Gallia, England, from Liverpool; State of Nevada, from Glasgow; Wassland, from Antwerp; Wieland, from Hamburg. Robert Garrett's Hopeless Condition.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20 .- The Commercial Advertiser says: "There is no improvement in the condition of Robert Garrett, and it is almost a settled fact that he will never regain his reason. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. He is still at Ringwood with his family and attendants. At times be can be taken out to drive; at other times he is violent and must be confined to a room, from the windows of which his cries can be heard for some distance along the road."

St. Louis and Return. \$3. VIA THE POPULAR BEE-LINE RY.

For particulars call on agents Bee-line, No. 2 Bates House, Union Depot and 1382 S. Illinois Yorktown, a village six miles west of this city, I tightly.

INDIANA ANDILLINOIS NEWS

A Well-Known Resident of Jeffersonville Murdered in a Scottsburg Hotel.

Fatal Fight in Connection with an Eviction-Horse-Thieves in Cass County-Jail Prisoners Escape-Notes and Gleanings.

INDIANA.

Mysterious Murder at Scottsburg-Conrad Storz Found Dead in Bed.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal

JEFFERSONVILLE, Sept. 20.—The town of Scottsburg, twenty-five miles north of here, was thrown into great excitement at 10:30 o'clock this morning, by the discovery of Conrad Storz, of this city, lying across the bed in his room at the Loomis House, with his throat cut from ear to ear, and blood stains all over the floor. Mr. Storz has for several years past been the Jeffersonville agent for the city brewery of Louisville, Ky., and supplied beer and ale to the saloon-keepers in most of the towns along the Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis and the Ohio & Mississippi railways, as well as the saloon keepers of this city. Yesterday afternoon he left his home in this city and went to Scottsburg to transact some business, telling his wife he would return this morning. At 11 o'clock this morning a telegram was received here from Warren Smith, s saloon-keeper at Scottsburg, simply stating that Storz was found dead in his bed From gentlemen who came in on the noon train from Scottsburg all that is known about the mystery was learned, and leads to the belief that he was murdered. Mrs. Loomis, wife of the proprietor of the Loomis House, states that she called Storz at 5:30 o'clock, thinking he would take the early train for home, and that he answered her, saying he would wait and go on the 10:30 train. Loomis became alarmed, and notified some of Storz's friends. They forced open the shutters of a window and gained entrance to his room. He was found lying across the bed, with his throat cut, as stated above. There were blood splotches on the floor, of a struggle. No evidences weapon of any kind with which might have taken his own life has been found, which strengthens the belief that he has been murdered. His hat was found half a square away from the hotel, with a hole cut in the top. Warren Smith, a saloonkeeper, says Storz left his place at 11 o'clock last night, saying he was going to the hotel. He was perfectly sober, and, as far as is known, had had no difficulty with any one. It was noticed, when he was found, that one of his pockets was turned inside out. His wife says their domestic relations have always been pleasant, and cannot believe that her husband died by his own hand. His death is certainly surrounded by circumstances that are mysterious and may never be unraveled. If he was murdered, robbery must have been the motive, as his pockets were rifled of their contents.

Veterans in Camp.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal Columbus, Sept. 20. - There was a largely in creased attendance at to-day's session of the veteran's reunion being held here, despite the threatening condition of the weather. The morning trains brought large delegations, which were met at the depot and escorted to the camp by the Big Six Band of this city. This forenoon was occupied in extending a general greeting to the visitors. Comrade Ben Smith, of Rushville, delivered an interesting address this afternoon. He was followed by a speech from Department Commander A. D. Vanosdol, of Madison. The regular camp-fire was held to-night.

Reunion at Greencastle,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal GREENCASTLE, Sept. 20 .- A reunion of the One-hundred-and-fifteenth, One-hundred-andsixteenth, One-hundred-and-seventeenth, and One-hundred-and-eighteenth Indiana regiments was held here to-day, and about seventyfive members were present. Hon. Thomas Hanna, of this place, was elected president; Col. Stephen D. Sayles, of Salem, vice-president; J. H. Harris, of Noblesville, secretary and treasurer, and Rev. George W. Stuart, of Danville, chaplaiu. It was decided to hold the next reunion at this place, the time to be fixed by the executive committee.

Badly Crushed by a Log. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MIDDLETOWN, Sept. 20. - While helping to load a heavy log on to a wagon, near his home, six miles south of town, Lewis Hart, one of the most prominent farmers of the county, received a perhaps fatal injury a day or two ago. The log was about on the wagon, when one of the "skids" slipped off and that end of the log dropped to the ground catching Mr. Hart beneath it, crushing his hips, breaking two pelvic bones and injuring him internally. His sufferings have been intense and it is not believed that he can possibly recover.

Butcher Charged with Grand Larceny. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

LOGANSPORT, Sept. 20.-John Benner. a butcher of this city, drove a cow belonging to a poor German woman, Mrs. Gertrude Schaefer. to his butcher-shop and killed the animal for best. He took the bide to a local dealer and sold it. It was afterwards found that he had been mean enough to soak the stolen hide with water to make it weigh heavily. The butcher was arrested this afternoon on a charge of grand larceny, and will have a preliminary hearing to-morrow.

Death of the Widow of Chief Peconga.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Marion, Sept. 10.-Mrs. Mary Peconga died last night at the Indian reservation, seven miles porthwest of this city. She was about sixty years old. She was the widow of Charles Peconga, the last recognized chief of the Miami Indians, who are scattered over the counties of Grant, Miami and Wabash. Mrs. Pecongs. never spoke any language but the Indian, but was a consistent Christian and a member of the Baptist Church.

Horse Thieves in Cass County.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LOGANSPORT, Sept. 20.—Horses bave so frequently been stolen in this county recently that it looks as if an organized band is at work. Last night a large gray mare, seven years old, and a black borse, four years old, were stolen from the farm of Dr. Jas. M. Justice and bis son-in-law, C. B. Stanton, south of this city. A reward is offered for the recovery of the horses and the arrest of the thieves.

Jail Prisoners Escape.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. Marion, Sept. 20.-John Fleming and Albert Clark, confined in the county jail here, escaped this afternoon. While the wife of the sheriff was releasing a prisoner Fleming and Clark broke past her and escaped across the river and over the bluffs. Neither was captured. Fleming was under sentence of two years for horsestealing, and Clark was awaiting trial for grand

Killed at a Pole Raising. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

NEW CASTLE, Sept. 20 .- A very distressing accident occurred in this city about 7 o'clock last night, which resulted in the death of Eddie Armstrong, the twelve-year-old son of James Armstrong. A crowd of boys were attempting to raise a Cleveland and Thurman pole on Byer street, and, when partly raised, the pole fell striking young Armstrong and killing him almost instantly.

Coal Miner Murdered,

special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SULLIVAN, Sept. 20 .- Dr. Wilson, an Indian medicine man, shot and instantly killed Lee Sargeant, a coal miner, at Dugger. The trouble was caused over the tent in which the show was being beld. Wilson left for parts unkown. The sheriff is looking for him. Shot with His Own Pistol.

ing in a crowd, listening to a street salesman. Jack Kennedy, sixteen years old, accidentally shot off four fingers of his right hand. The revolver was in his hip pocket, and went off while

he had his hand over it. Fatal Fight Over an Eviction. Special to the Indianapotis Journal MUNCIE, Sept. 20.-Late last evening, near

Jackson Hunter shot and fatally wounded young John Blevins while trying to eject him and his father from a piece of property. On Blevine's refusal to vacate the property, Hunter fired at him with a rifle. The ball missed its intended mark and hit young Blevins in the abdomen. He will die. Hunter was arrested this morning.

Indiana Pensions.

Rensions have been granted the following named Indianians: Jasper Cobb. Greensburg; Frederick F. Domke, Medaryville; Edmund H. Dunn, Shelby-

ville; Geo. W. Hardwick, Lafayette; Leonard S. Bass, Shelbyville; Henry Easterday, Rochester; Jas. Blue, Battle-ground; Joseph Brunesholz, Brownstown; Wm. H. H. Gilbert, Whitehall: Albert Izor, Indianapolis; John P. Myers, deceased, Rochester: Lewis Hamilton, Wayesville; Harrison Davis, Greensburg; Samuel Kissinger. Cherubusco; Elisha D. McGee, Roann; Jas. H. Ray. Malott; Adam E. Robins, Central; John H. Fulk, Worthington; Jacob Fox, Columbia City: John Brown, North Judson; John B. Early, Kossuth; Robert A. Mullis, Fort Ritner: Eli Arnold, Montpelier; Thos. J. Debolt, St. Paul; Almond Guire, Draper; Jacob Smith, Jasper: Harrison Dill, Goshen: Uriah Mock. Ridgeville; John Johnson, Huron; Wm. H. H. Schrock, deceased, Decatur, Conrad Keck, Vincennes: Henry C. Wright, Mitchell; Jefferson Williams, Ireland; Shelton Williams, Iraville: Irvin Love, Marion; Geo. W. McCulley, Georgetown: John Pinkston, Favette ville: Charles Fromer, Greensburg; Thomas H. Rominger, Hartsville; Samuel A. Parrish, Knightsville; Edwin R. Douglass, Crawfordsville; David Miller, Pennville; Joel L. Laughrey, Monroe; Wm. C. Warnock, Greentown; Anderson Keen, Sullivan; Benj. F. Slater, Harrell; John M. Stockdale, Sycamore; Washington P. Butts, deceased, Muddy Fork, Increase: Wm. S. Kaler, Andersonville; Robert M. Little, Elmdale; Robert McCullen, Manchester; George Swank, Jordan: Wm. H. H. Ward, Logansport. Original widows, ec.: Amanda, widow of Thomas Self. Hillham; Nettie M., widow of Wm. H. Shrock, Decatur; Lucinda, mother of Henry Thum, Dupont: Laura I., widow of John Curry, Mauckport: Elizabeth, widow of Emery E. Raper, Indianapolis; Sarah J. Compton former widow of William P. Bugan, Washing-

Minor Notes. The annual convention of the Randolph County Sunday-school Union began its session at Winchester on the 20th, and will last two days, with evening lectures on Thursday and Friday. The attendance is good and the interest unusual The ninety-fourth birthday of Ira Grover, of Greensburg, was celebrated yesterday at the residence of Mrs. Martha Stevens, his daughter, with whom he has made his home for several vears. His children, grandchildren and greatgrandchildren participated.

John Davidson, of Hudson township, LaPorte county, and Frank Stimms, of LaPorte, workmen on a Lake Shore gravel train, were caught under a falling embankment. Davidson received injuries from which he died. Stimma is hurt internally and his recovery is doubtful.

ILLINOIS.

The Testimony All In and the Hearing of the Argument in the Mounce Case Begun. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MONTICELLO, Sept. 20 .- The Mounce murder trial was brought to a close at 3 P. M. to-day. The testimony was all in, and lawyer C. C. Clark, of Chicago, commenced the opening speech for the prosecution. There will be six speeches made. Mr. Clark will be followed by Judge Tipton, of Bloomington, Ill., and W. E. Lodge, of Monticello. The prosecution will follow with a speech by Hon. Horace Black, of Mattoon, Ill.; L. L. Mills, of Chicago, will next speak for the defense, and Charles Hughes, State's attorney, will close the case for the prosecution. The speaking will last about twentyfour hours, and not before Saturday evening will the case be given to the jury. What the verdict will be no one is able to foretell. There is much bad feeling in the community where the murder occurred, and just what the result will be cannot be stated at this time.

Kicked to Death by a Victors Horse.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal MARSHALLA Sept. 20.-Near Dennison, Wabash county, yesterday evening, the twelve year-old son of John Dawson was kicked by a vicious horse while he was trying to unbitch a its effect. After Bavaria had offered the crown team from a plow. The boy became entangled to the King, an entry under date of Jan. 8, 1871, in the harness and was dragged several yards, expresses the hope "that our ancestors' dreams the horse kicking him at every leap. He was so terribly injured that he lived only a few

minutes. Brief Mention. The Seminary of Illinois, at Urbana, opened yesterday with a full corps of teachers and 165

new students. Owing to the desertion of her lover, Caroline Calhoun, aged sixteen, committed suicide with poison at Peoria.

Brakeman Frank Lindsey, of Chicago, was run over and killed by the Peru accommodation. at Morris, on Wednesday. He leaves a family In attempting to board a freight train at Mattoon, yesterday, F. Althoff, of Belleville, fell under the wheels and was killed. He had been at Terre Haute looking for work. He leaves a

Jomes P. Morrison, a wealthy farmer living five miles north of Fairmount, was instantly killed while loading saw logs upon a wagon. The chain by which the logs were being loaded broke, causing a log to roll back over his body crushing him in a horrible manner.

The Rev. Father Higgins, the very popular pastor of St. James's Roman Catholic Church, of Riverton, near Springfield, bas been transferred to Taylorville and Stonington, the change to take place Oct. 7. He has just completed a new church at Riverton, and has done a great work. His successor has not yet been appointed.

Strike on the Illinois Central.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.-Since Wednesday morning not a wheel has turned under a freight car on the Chicago division of the Illinois Central railroad. For the last six or seven months the conductors and brakemen have been complaining that their pay was not equal to that of men in corresponding positions on other roads, and that they received no pay whatever for over-time. Wednesday morning they presented their ultimatum to the company. They asked pay for over-time and the same rate of pay as that received by the conductors and brakemen on other roads. For over-time they wanted pay at the rate of 35 cents an hour. For the round trip to Kankakee and Gilman they wanted pay at the rate of a 200-mile trip. This was for the same reason that the crews had to make up their own trains, and lost time equivalent to that taken in making a two-hundred-mile trip. A netition was sent in ten days ago to the company, requesting that their claims should be inquired into. No attention was paid to the petition nor to ithe ultimatum, and the menwalked out in a body. Forty crews, all on the Chicago division, struck togother. The company this afternoon sent word to the strikers that they would grant the over-time, but not the itwohundred-mile trip to Kankakee and Gilman. The strikers refuse to yield a particle to their demands, and the strike is still on.

The Latest Agony.

One of the latest and swellest novelties is a coseling cushion, which forms a prominent accessory to all fashionable weddings. They are proper for both house and church, and receive the quaking knees of bride and groom for the moment they kneel to receive the bridal blessing. In shape they are long and narrow, the bride's being covered usually with satin of spotless white and embroidered with flowing arabesques in eilver thread and having the ends finished with a fall of silver fringe. Very wealthy brides, those to whom money is no object, have been known to kneel at the proper moment on a cushion of white silk covered with real duchesse lace, fastened in its place with a generous bow of broad moire ribbon. A little more latitude as to color is permissible in the groom's cushion, but the shape remains uuchanged. It may be of white satin, done in open "button-hole" work, and have an under color of pale-blue satin. Silver thread and fringe should be used for this. A very becoming cushion for a brunette groom is of white satin. done in the open "button-hole" work, and having an underlining of gold cloth, the white satin cover being button-holed with gold thread and finished with a fall of gold lace at the ends.

Losses by Fire. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

MONTICELLO, Iil., Sept. 20.-The large grain elevators owned by Jno. Robinson, of Weldon, Ill., were burned this morning. They were valued at \$10,000. There was in the buildings 30, 000 bushels of corn and 20,000 bushels of oats. valued at \$6,200, all of which is a clear loss, GOSHEN, Sept. 20. - This evening, while stand- there being no insurance on the grain. buildings were fully insured KANSAS CITY, Sept. 20.—The Kansas City box

> Loss, \$50,000; partly insured. Excellent lemon and orange extracts, much better and cheaper than any you buy, can be made by paring off the yellow peel as thinly as possible and letting it stand for twenty-four hours in alcohol. Strain and bottle, corking it

and basket-factory was destroyed by fire to-day.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

Emperor Frederick's Diary Proves That He Was a Comprehensive Statesman.

Berlin, Sept. 20.—The Deutsche Rundschau, a monthly review, publishes an abstract from the diary of the late Emperor Frederick, regarding the Franco-German war. The details of the events narrated show that Frederick had the greatest part in founding the empire, and that he had thought of an empire before others had dreamed it possible. The abstract also proves that some of the princes, especially the Prince of Bavaria, gave their consent to the for-

The diary commences with the date July 11.

1870. On the 29th of the same month Frederick

mation of the empire grudgingly.

wrote: "My principal thought is how to carry out a liberal organization in Germany after peace has been secured." The diary details conversations with his father, Bismarck and Roggenbach on the subject, and he wrote that they were slowly coming around to his views. On Oct. 9 Bismarck confessed that he had not thought the desire for an imperial crown was so strong among the German people, and that he was mistaken, in 1866, in treating the subject with such indifference. Under date of Oct. 18, Frederick writes: "This birthday reminds me of the seriousness of the task I shall some day have to solve in German politics. I hope I shall not live to see more war. Evidently, there are many who look forward with confidence. I also am certain of the fulfilment of the task, because I know that I will prove myself worthy of this confidence." The following pages reveal the substance of the negotiations. Bavaria obstinately refusing to consent. The Grand Duke of Baden was one of the warmest supporters. Even Bismarck seemed discouraged at the attitude of the southern states. An entry under date of Nov. 14 details a conversation wherein Frederick urged the forcing of the south Germans. He said to Bismarek: "Let us act firmly and imperiously. You will find that I was right in saying you were not sufficiently aware of your power." Bismarck protested that it would drive the southerners into the arms of Austria, and remarked that only Frederick entertained the idea of acting with a majority of the states against Bavaria. He thought it would be better to let the suggestion emanate from the Reichstag. A further somewhat heated conversation between Frederick and Bismarck appears to have borne fruit. Under date of Nov. 21 Frederick writes that Bismarck has been induced to take the subject up seriously. Bismarck intimated to the German sovereigns that unless they offered the imperial dignity to the King the Reichstag would. This menace had

of German unity are fulfilled." Military Fun Costs Money.

LONDON, Sept. 20.-The unspeakable Turk has had another domestic squabble which bade fair to result in the Grand Vizier losing his head. As nearly every other monarch on the continent was engaged in putting his army through its annual manœuvres, the Soltan thought that Turkey ought to follow suit, and consequently he ordered the second class reserves out to mangeuvre. The Grand Vizier immediately sought his royal master's presence and conveyed the dismal intelligence to him that the treasury was empty, and that it was impossible for the troops to engage in mimic warfare. The Sultan stormed and insisted, but the Grand Vizier protested that there was no money. After a stormy scene the Sultan

yielded with bad grace to the inevitable. Heavy Fighting in South Sea Islands. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 20.-News received from the South seas shows that there was say. age fighting on the Marquesa group before the natives allowed the French to hoist their flag and take possession of the group. Two hundred French marines and several thousand natives

were killed. The natives retreated into the mountains, where it was difficult to dislodge Much indignation is expressed in Tahiti over the seizure of Easter island by Chili, which proposes to establish there a penal colony. This is the island famous for its grand stone statues standing on huge pedestals. The seizure was made by Captain Toro, of the Chilian cruiser

Riot Among Soldiers. London, Sept. 20.-Another riot has occurred in the Dublin barracks. A number of men belonging to the "Black Watch" Regiment quarreled over politics in the "canteen" with some of the men of the Fifth Dragoons. The two factions finally abandoned words for blows, and a desperate struggle ensued, during which thirty men were wounded. Other troops were called upon to quell the disturbance, and the rioters were dispersed at the point of the bayonet. The "Black Watch" Regiment has been ordered to Belfast.

Unnecessary Harshness Resented. LONDON, Sept. 20 .- An emeute occured among the men in the transport commissariat, located at the Portobella Barracks, Dublin, on Sunday last. The men had become irritated at the harshness shown them by their officers, and after drill they made a rush upon the quarters occupied by Major Witely and smashed the furniture and made a bon-are of a portrait of the Major. They then marched in a body to the guard-house and vielded to arrest without resist-

ance. The leaders will be court-martialed. Africans Revolt Against the Germans. ZANZIBAR, Sept. 20 .- The Usambara chiefs, headed by Simboja, have revolted against the Germans and dispersed Meyers's caravan. Meyers's porters have deserted him, and he is returning to the coast. Last evening some natives of Zanzibar, mistaking the secretary of the British admiral for a German official, assaulted him and then made their escape in the darkness.

The secretary's injuries are not serious. Foreign Notes. Advices from Tashkend state that it is report-

ed there that the Ameer of Afghanistan has died suddenly. General Boulanger arrived at Tangier, Morocco, yesterday and paid a visit to the Pasha's palace. Subsequently he started for Gibral-

At a meeting of the French Council of Ministers, vesterday, it was decided not to suspend the import duty of 5 francs on cereals, which action, it was announced, would probably be taken account of the inadequate harvests.

Confidence in Himself.

"Now, son," said a Long island farmer, "you're going to the city to strike out fer yerself, an' don't fergit old Polonius's advice to what's-his-name: 'Don't be a claim.' "All right, father," was the reply, "I'll not fergit it; but if I should turn out to be a clam, you kin bet all the truck on the farm that I'll be a little neck clam with lemon juice on it."

Economy Is Wealth

Mistress-Did you buy a stamp and mail the letter, Bridget? Bridget-Oi did, mum, an' here's the change. Mistress-How much did you pay for the

Bridget-Wan cint, mum. The boy said he had 'em all the way from wan cint up, an' its not the likes of Bridget O'Toolihan wot goes about wastin' money.